UNDERSTANDING ATOMIC STRUCTURE

PART 1: PARTS OF AN ATOM

Draw a picture of the modern day model of the atom – the "Nuclear Atom".

Indicate where the following are located:

- 1. nucleus
- 2. electron cloud
- 3. protons

- 4. neutrons
- 5. electrons

PART 2: PROTONS AND NEUTRONS	PART	2:	PROT	ONS	AND	NEU.	TRONS
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1.	. What charge do the following have? protons _	neutrons
2.	. Where are protons and neutrons located?	
3.	. Determine the number of protons in atoms of the follow	wing elements:
a.	. Oxygen b. Zinc	c. Iodine
d.	. Potassium e. Lead	f. Silver
4. a.		wing examples: An atom with 17 protons
c.	. An atom with 24 protons d	. An atom with 1 proton
b.	. Determine the mass number and the identity for the follows. An atom with 9 protons and 10 neutrons An atom with 29 protons and 34 neutrons An atom with 80 protons and 120 neutrons	llowing examples:
6.	Determine the number of neutrons in the following ato	oms:
a.	. An atom of Nitrogen with a mass number of 15	
b.	. An atom of Nitrogen with a mass number of 14	
c.	. An atom of Hydrogen with a mass number of 1	
d.	. An atom of Hydrogen with a mass number of 2	

e. An atom of Argon with a mass number of 40						
PART 3: ELECTRONS 7. Which subatomic particles	le is the smallest? - p	protons, neutrons, or elect	trons?			
8. What does it mean for a	n atom to be neutral?					
9. Determine the number of	of electrons in the foll	owing neutral atoms.				
a. An atom of sulfur	b. An atom	of Helium	c. An atom with 92 protons			
10. Determine the number o	of protons and the ide	ntity of the following neu	utral atoms.			
a. An atom with 20 electron	ns:					
b. An atom with 6 electrons	:					
c. An atom with 26 electron	IS:					
PART 4: REPRESENTIN	G ELEMENTS WI	TH THEIR NUCLEAR	<u>SYMBOL</u>			
11. What does the superscr	ript (top) number star	nd for?				
12. What does the subscrip	ot (bottom) number st	and for?				
13. Write the nuclear symbol	ol for the following e	elements:				
a. An atom of oxygen with a	a mass number of 15					
b. An atom of aluminum wi	th 14 neutrons					
c. An atom of fluorine with	10 neutrons					
14. Determine the number o	of protons, neutrons, a	and electrons in the follow	wing atoms:			
Symbol	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons			
³¹ ₁₅ P						
²³ ₁₁ Na						
⁵⁸ ₂₈ Ni						
¹¹⁹ ₅₀ Sn						
PART 5: ISOTOPES						
15. When representing elements by their isotope name/symbol, you write the name or symbol followed by a dash						
and a number. Ex. Oxygen-17 What does the number represent?						

16. Write the	isotope name	symbol for the follow	ing elements:	
a. An atom w	ith 5 protons	and 5 neutrons:		
b. An atom w	rith 3 protons	and a mass number of	7:	
c. A neon ator	m with a mass	s number of 21:		
17. How can	you determine	e the number of protor	s in an atom when given just the isotope name/symbol?	
18. How can	you determine	e the number of neutro	ns in an atom when given just the isotope name/symbol?	
19. What is an	n isotope?			
20. What is th	ne difference b	petween "mass numbe	r' and "atomic mass"?	
		d calculate the averag to run your calculation	e atomic mass for an element. Be sure to state what informatiss.	tion
		EMENTS ON THE		
21. Identify th	e Group (vert	ical column) and the I	Period (horizontal row) that each of the following are in:	
a. Chlorine	Group:	Period:	b. Krypton Group: Period:	
c. Hydrogen	Group:	Period:	d. Magnesium Group: Period:	
e. Lead	Group:	Period:	f. Aluminum Group: Period:	
22. Identify th	e element tha	t is located in the follo	wing spots:	
a. In Group 1,	, Period 4 _		b. In Group 7, Period 3	
c. In Group 2, Period 6 d. In Group 4, Period 5				
e. In Group 8,	, Period 1	<u></u>	f. In Group 5, Period 2	